

Alexandria Daily Advertiser.

FRIDAY, DECEMBER 26, 1806.

[No. 1790.]

Vol. VII.]

SALES AT AUCTION.

On every Tuesday and Friday,
WILL BE SOLD,

AT THE VINE STAKE,
Corner of Prince and Water streets,
A variety of Dry Goods, Groceries, &c.
Particulars of which will be expressed in
the bill of the day.

ALL kinds of goods which are on limita-
tion and the price of which are established,
can at any time be viewed and purchased at the
lowest limitation of prices.

G. Marsteller, v. m.

Just Received.

By the schooner Betsey, and
FOR SALE.

15,000 lbs. COFFEE,

50 barrels of tierces of SUGAR, and
6 tons of LOGWOOD.

E. JANNEY.

I wish to Rent.

A TWO STORY BRICK HOUSE,

On the west side of Fairfax street, nearly
opposite to Rickett and Newton's. It
will accommodate a family, and a flour and
rocery store. There is a shed sufficient to
hold 4,000 bbls. flour.

E. J.
September 2

FOR RENT.

THE STORE, on Prince street, between
Fairfax and Prince street, lately in the occu-
pation of Mr. Ramsay. It is well calculated
for a dry or wet goods store. The rent mo-
derate. Apply to

William Hodgson.

Sept. 25.

Wanted to Purchase.

A NEGRO SERVANT, who has been ac-
customed to wait in a family, and can be well
recommended.—Enquire of the Printer.
November 10.

Wanted to Purchase.

A FEW ACRES of LAND, on the north
end of the town, to bind on the river or
nearby so.

Apply to the Printer.
September 25.

A MILLER WANTED.

One who can come well recommended will
find employment by applying to the subscriber
in Alexandria.
E. JANNEY.
9th mo. 29th, 1806.

FOR SALE.

On advantageous terms,
The large commodious well-built three
story BRICK WAREHOUSE on King street,
occupied by Messrs. Richard Veitch & Co.—
Apply to

James Patton.

October 20.

60 quarter-casks of the best quality Mount-

ain Wine, for sale by

John G. Ladd.

November 19.

13 bbls. SUGAR of good quality,

33 bbls. do. do.

5 pipes 4th proof Brandy

4 qr. casks Sherry Wine } of excellent

11 do. do. Malaga do. } quality.

Boxes of Cotton Cards

Sacks of Licorice Root and Sago

Barrels of Clover and Herds Grass Seed

And a large quantity of Red Sole Leather.

For Sale by

Benjamin Shreve, Jun

July 26.

Russia Sheetings.

100 pieces entitled to debenture.

For sale by

John G. Ladd.

November 28.

Robert Gray.

HAS JUST RECEIVED.

A large supply of SLATES, of an

excellent quality.

For sale by the dozen or single.

November 6.

CARR'S.

Stranger in Ireland.

A few copies received, for sale by ROBERT

GRAY, Bookseller, King-street.

ALSO,

Ladies' and Gentlemen's Pocket

Almanacks.

FOR THE YEAR 1807.

November 28.

Will be Rented.

FOR THE ENSUING YEAR.

THE MOUNT-AIR-HOUSE,

Which is large and convenient.

AND ALL THE LAND ADJOINING.

Supposed to be upwards of 600 acres.

There is also a Kitchen with 4 or 5 rooms.

two of them with fire places and other out-hou-

ses. The land is well adapted to the culture

of corn, wheat and tobacco.—It is near the

stage road, about half way between Alexan-

dria and Colchester.—The situation is remark-

ably healthy and the water good.

Sarah McCarty,

John W. Bronaugh.

Cedar-Grove, Dec. 4—17

FOR SALE.

BY LEWIS DEBLOIS,

Three bales of assorted 7-4 superfine Broad-

Cloths, from 15 to 18s sterling cost.

Three bales of Ladies Habit Cloth, at 11s

to 14s sterling.

Two bales of assorted plain and knapt Coat-

ings, from 5s 9d to 12s sterling.

The above goods are of the latest importa-

tion, and purchased on advantageous terms,

and will be sold at a very low advance for ap-

proved endorsed notes.

December 1.

dtf

Salt afloat.

500 bushels Ground Allum Salt, on board

Sloop Maria Antoinette, and for sale, by

Wadsworth & Butler.

Who have also landing, from said Sloop, at

Forwell's wharf;

3 pipes Cognac Brandy,

20 boxes mould Candles,

50 barrels prime Beef,

10 do do. Pork,

5 quarter casks Tenerife Wine.

November 26.

FOR SALE.

BY THE SUBSCRIBERS.

27 hogheads Jamaica rum, 4th proof

20 do. St. Croix do. 3d do.

10 do. N. Eng. do.

10 pipes Holland gin

4 do. American do. of superior qual.

2 do. L. P. Madeira wine } of excellent

2 do. L. M. do. do. } qual. war-

4 quarter casks do. do. } ranted pure.

2 do. Marsalla wine

20 bbls. prime beef—Connecticut inspec.

30 do. prime pork—New Jersey do.

10 boxes mould-candles

25 do. English white soap—very dry

2 chests hyson-skin tea

300 bushels St. Ubes salt.

Wadsworth and Butler,

Union, between King and Prince-street.

October 18.

Just Received

And for Sale by the Subscriber,

10 hhd's. retailing Molasses

12 tierces of good Rice

100 bbls. Kilt-dried Corn Meal

3 hhd's. old Antigua Rum

6 hhd's. Green Coffee

20 casks of Lime, and

3000 bushels of Salt.

M. MILLER.

December 2.

This is to give Notice.

THAT the subscribers, of Alexandria county,

in the district of Columbia, have obtained

from the Orphan's Court of said county, let-
ters of administration on the personal estate of

John Wilson, late of the county aforesaid de-
ceased, all persons having claims against the

said deceased are hereby warned to exhibit
them with the vouchers thereof to the subscri-

bers on or before the 17th day of June next
ensuing, or they may by law be excluded from

all benefit to said estate—and those indebted
thereto are requested to make immediate pay-

ment—Given under our hands this 17th day
of December, 1806.

Sarah Wilson, Adm'r.

Aaron Wilson, } A dmr's.

Benjamin Brown, }
December 17—18.

3aw4w

Negroes to Hire.

TO be hired, for the ensuing year, on or

before the first day of January next, se-

veral likely Virginia born NEGROES, con-

sisting of men, women and girls; some of

whom have been accustomed to washing, iron-

ing, and waiting in the house. Also some

good plantation laborers, belonging to the

Preston estate.

Frances Alexander.

December 6,

3aw3w

Stray Sow.

CAME to the Four Mile Run Mill, about
the last of November, a SOW. The
owner is requested to prove property, pay
charges and take her away.

George Drinker.

December 23.

Office of the People's Friend,

NEW-YORK.

THE PEOPLE'S FRIEND

FOR THE COUNTRY.

THE first number of this paper will be
published on Thursday, the 1st of Jan-
uary, 1807, and continue to be published af-
terwards regularly, every Wednesday and Sat-
urday. It will contain the whole of the edi-
torial matter contained in the daily print of
that name.

Price four dollars a year—one year to be
paid in advance.

Subscriptions for the above paper re-
ceived at the office of the ALEXANDRIA DAILY
ADVERTISER.

December 19.

40 boxes of fresh Bloom Raisins,

AND

40 boxes dipt Candles,

For Sale by

M. MILLER.

December 12.

A. C. Cazenove,

King-street, opposite Mr. Mott's tavern, has

just received and for sale,

A handsome selection of FANCY

MUSLINS.

Black and colored Italian and India lute-

strings.

Ladies' and gentlemen's white, black, and

colored silk hose

Silk, kid, extra long and habit gloves

Face gloves and sleeves

Brown, black, and scarlet silk velvets,

Fine split straw Jipsey hats

White and black crapes

Fawn colored cassimeres and heaverets

Milled gloves, hose and caps

Men, women, and childrens lists and mil-

led socks

A few bales German oznaburgs and bur-

laps

2 cases Irish linens

1 do. Nuns' threads

Real Martinique and other French cordials,

in cases.

A few Prints of the Apotheosis of

General Washington, in elegant Gilt

Frames.

December 15.

The Subscriber has received

The following ARTICLES,

Which he offers for Sale very low:

15 hogheads first quality St. Croix

Sugar

10 bales Tennessee cotton

6 pipes 4th proof cogniac brandy

10 hogheads well flavored 4th proof Ja-

maica rum

30 barrels New-England Rum.

AND ON HAND,

Imperial

Hyson

Young Hyson

Hyson Skin, and

First quality Souchong

Best green coffee in bags

Chocolate

Loaf and lump sugar

London particular Madeira

Particular Tenerife

Lisbon, Sherry, and 150 dozen bottled

Port, very old WINES.

A few cases claret, superior quality

Coniac and old peach brandy

Jamaica and Antigua spirits

Holland gin

New-England rum and whiskey

Mace, nutmegs, cloves and pimento

Black pepper, allspice, & ground ginger

Pearl barley, rice, starch, and fig blue

Dixon's Philadelphia, & English mustard

Refined Salt-Petre

Brown and white soap

Mould and dipt candles

Indigo, allum, madder, copperas, & roll

brimstone

English gun-powder

Demijohns

James Sanderfon.

September 17.

DR. REES'S

CYCLOPEDIA,

VOL. 2d. PART 1st.

Just received by ROBERT GRAY, and for

Sale, at his Book Store, in King-street.

November 4.

Just Received and for Sale.

By the Subscribers.

A choice cargo of MAHOGANY,
From the Bay of Honduras, of different
lengths and sizes, which they will sell by the
leg or larger quantity.

They have also for Sale,

Sugar in hogheads

London particular Madeira Wine,

Catalonia ditto. by the quarter cask

Virginia Rum, of excellent quality

Molasses by the hoghead

Liverpool Stoved Salt

And Logwood.

Nathaniel Wattles & Co.

October 18

Lawson

Fifty Dollars Reward.

For apprehending Richard Gotier,

WHO BROKE JAIL LAST NIGHT

HE was committed, on his own confessi-
on, of passing counterfeit checks; He
is about 5 feet 7 inches high, fair complexion,
light hair, grey eyes, very much pitted with
the small pox, and a good deal toward shoul-
dered. He was a sailor in the United States
service; had a blue sailors' jacket and trow-
sers, a long blue coat, several white linen
shirts, a pair of shoes, and a very good black
hat.

The above reward will be given for appre-
hending and securing the said Gotier in any
jail, and giving me information thereof.

DANIEL C. BRENT, Marshal

Of the district of Columbia.

Washington City, Dec. 7. [8]

2aw

Patent Elastic Suspenders.

To be had, wholesale and retail, of the patentee

next door below Mr. Alexander McKenzies,

lower end of Prince street, Alexandria.

THEY surpass any yet extant, for ease, e-
lance, &c. Masters of vessels and
other gentlemen going to the West Indies,
Spanish Main, &c. may be furnished with an
assortment, and a great allowance to those who
purchase by the quantity.

N. B. The buttons on the back parts of the
waistband ought to be placed the same distance
from each other, as the two center buttons on
the Suspenders, to prevent improper straining;
and thereby destroying the ease designed in the
construction of the article.

LETTER

From the Secretary of the Treasury, enclosing a Report prepared in obedience to the act supplementary to the act, entitled "An act to establish the Treasury Department," December 5th, 1806.

Sir, I have the honor to enclose a Report, prepared in obedience to the act entitled "An act to establish the treasury department," an act to establish the treasury department. I have the honor to be, Very respectfully, Sir, your obedient servant, ALBERT GALLATIN. The honorable the Speaker of the House of Representatives.

REPORT.

In obedience to the directions of the act supplementary to the act, entitled, "An act to establish the treasury department," the secretary of the treasury respectfully submits the following report and estimates:

REVENUE AND RECEIPTS.

The nett revenue arising from duties on merchandise and tonnage, which accrued during the year 1804, amounted, after deducting that portion which arose from the additional duties constituting the Mediterranean fund, to \$12,673,558.

And that which accrued during the year 1805, amounted, after making a similar deduction, as will appear by the statement (A) to 12,083,833.

It is ascertained that the nett revenue, which has accrued during the three first quarters of the year 1806, exceeds that of the corresponding quarters of the year 1805; and that branch of the revenue may, exclusively of the Mediterranean fund, be safely estimated for the present at thirteen million of dollars.

The statement (B) exhibits in detail the several species of merchandise, and other sources, from which that revenue was collected during the year 1805.

It appears by the statement (C) that the sale of the public lands, have, during the year ending on the 30th September, 1806, exceeded 473,000 acres. The actual payments by purchasers have, during that period, amounted to \$50,000 dollars, of which sum near 700,000 dollars have been paid in specie, and the residue in stock of the public debt. The specie receipts from that source may, after deducting the charges and the five per cent. reserved for roads, be estimated for the ensuing year at five hundred thousand dollars.

The receipts arising from the permanent revenue of the United States, may therefore, without including the arrears of direct tax and internal revenues, the duties on postage and other incidental branches, be computed from the year 1807, at thirteen millions and five hundred thousand dollars, 13,500,000.

And the payments into the treasury, during the same year, on account of the temporary duties, constituting the Mediterranean fund, are estimated at one million of dollars, 1,000,000.

14,500,000

Making in the whole an aggregate of fourteen millions and five hundred thousand dollars.

EXPENDITURES.

The permanent expenses are estimated at 11,400,000 dollars, and consist of the following items, viz.

1. The annual appropriation of eight millions of dollars for the payment of the principal and interest of the public debt, of which sum not more than 3,600,000 dollars will, for the year 1807, be applicable to the payment of interest, 8,000,000.

2. For the civil department, and all domestic expenses of a civil nature, including invalid pensions, the light house and mint establishments, the expenses of surveying public land, the fourth instalment of the loan due to Maryland, and a sum of dollars 130,000 to meet such miscellaneous appropriations, not included in the estimates, as may be made by congress, 1,150,000.

3. For expenses incident to the intercourse with foreign nations, including the permanent appropriation for Algiers, 200,000.

4. For military and Indian departments, including trading houses, and the permanent appropriation for certain Indian tribes, 1,150,000.

5. For the naval establishment, 900,000.

11,400,000

The extraordinary demands for the year 1807, already authorised by law, amount to two millions

seven hundred thousand dollars, viz.

The balance of the American claims assumed by the French convention, which remained unpaid on the 30th Sept. last, amounting to 700,000.

And the two millions of dollars appropriated by the act of 13th February, 1806, making provision for defraying any extraordinary expenses attending the intercourse between the United States and foreign nations, 2,000,000.

2,700,000

14,100,000

Making altogether fourteen millions one hundred thousand dollars. From which it appears, that besides a surplus of four hundred thousand dollars, the resources of the ensuing year will be sufficient to meet the current demands; and to discharge, without recurring to the loan authorised by the last mentioned act, the extraordinary appropriation of two millions for foreign intercourse.

It is here proper to state, that under the authority given by that act, a credit of one million of dollars has been opened in Holland to the ministers of the United States appointed to treat with Spain. Should the credit be used, the million will be charged to the proper appropriation; but although the balance chargeable to the expenditure of the year 1807, will in that case be only one, instead of two millions, as stated in the above estimate, the general result will be the same; as it will then be necessary to replace in Holland the million thus employed, for a different object than the payment of the foreign debt, to which it now stands charged.

The balance in the treasury amounted, on the 30th day of September, 1805, to 4,558,664 dollars 2 cents, and on the 30th day of September, 1806, to 5,069,969 dollars 77 cents. But it will, on account of the heavy payments to be made in the course of this month, for the public debt, be probably reduced on the 1st January, 1807, to a sum not much exceeding four millions of dollars.

To be continued.

FROM A LONDON PAPER.

REMARKABLE PROPHECY.

Relative to the French Revolution.

In the propensity of the human mind to ascribe to itself the power of prophecy and to endeavor to remove that veil with which futurity is fortunately enveloped, have principally originated the numerous predictions which are now renewed, and some of which are read with interest. There is in particular, no want of such as relate to the great catastrophe in France. Nostradamus has had an abundance of followers. Among these, the well known French writer Cazotte, is eminently distinguished. His prophecy of the French revolution is much more precise and explicit than oracles of this kind in general are. It has made its appearance in a new literary publication of select works of the celebrated Lasharpe, reviewed in No. 1 of the Literary Panorama. Though reason naturally excites a distrust of such visions and predictions, yet the reputation of the narrator demands some attention to the prophetic effusions which he himself heard from the lips of Cazotte.

It appears to me, says the aged academician, as though it has happened yesterday day, and yet the circumstance took place in 1788. We were sitting at table, principally members of the academy, with one of our colleagues. The company was numerous; it consisted of courtiers, men of letters, and others. We partook of a superb dinner. At the desert, the Malvoisie and Cape wines had elevated the gaiety of the company to such a degree, that it could scarcely be restrained within any bounds. Chamfort had read to us some of his graceless yet licentious tales, and yet the ladies who were present, had not, as usual, had recourse to their fans. Many impious jests were launched against religion; one read passages from Voltaire's *Pucelle*, amid universal plaudits; a second rose, and with a full bumper in his hand, exclaimed—"Yes gentlemen, I am as sure that there is no God as I am certain that Homer was a block head!" A third admired the revolution which Voltaire had effected in the empire of the sciences—"That great man, cried he, gave the tone to his age; he is read as generally in every anti-chamber, as in the superb apartments of our most illustrious men." One of the guests related, with a hearty laugh, that his hair-dresser had said

to him in good earnest—"Look you, sir, though I am but a poor fellow, I concern myself as little about religion as the grandest of you gentlemen." It was the general opinion that a political revolution would soon arrive, and that fanaticism must give way to the philosophic spirit of the times. They wished happiness to those whose age still allowed them to cherish the hope of witnessing this great work.

Only one individual of the party appeared to withhold his applause from our conversation, he merely laughed now and then at our enthusiasm. This was Cazotte, an eccentric but an amiable man. He at length broke silence, and said, with the utmost gravity—"Make yourselves easy, gentlemen, you will live to see this great and sublime revolution which you so anxiously desire. Yes, I repeat that you will live to see it." "That may be, rejoined one of the company, a man may not be a wizard to foretell anything of that sort." "Agreed; but it requires more than a common head to know what is to follow. Do you know what will be the consequence of this revolution, and what will become of you all during it?" "Well, let us hear then," said Condorcet, with a sarcastic smile. "You M. de Condorcet, will die in prison, and by poison, which you will take to escape the hands of the executioner. So great will be the happiness of this revolutionary Era, that people will carry their noses constantly with them in their pockets."

The whole table was convulsed with laughter—"M. Cazotte," said one of the guests, "this story which you have been telling, is not near so pleasing as your *Diabole Amoureux* (an uncommonly entertaining novel by M. Cazotte). But how do you come by prisons, prisoners and executioners? What have these to do with reason and philosophy?" "Tis in the very name of philosophy," answered Cazotte, "in the name of liberty and humanity, the reason will rule in the manner I predict; it will be the express reign of reason; for to her alone will altars be erected throughout all France, and the other temples will be shut up." "Upon my soul," interrupted Chamfort, bursting into a contemptuous laugh, "you will not be one of the priests that will perform the worship of reason." "I hope not, but you, M. de Chamfort, will be one of the most worthy, for you will open your veins with a razor, but you will not die till several months afterwards." The company looked at each other, and the laughter became still louder. "You, M. de Veq d'Azyr, will open six veins, one after the other, in a fit of the gout, and die the same night. As for you, Messieurs Nicholas, Bailly and Malesherbes, you will all three die on the scaffold."

"Thank God," cried Roucher, "it appears as if the speaker was determined to wreak all his vengeance on the academy; he has dispatched the academicians in a terrible way, but as I am not of their number, he will surely be merciful to me." "You? no, you too, like the others, will expire on the scaffold." "He must have conspired," was now the universal cry, "to exterminate us altogether." "No, I have not,"—are we then to be conquered by the Turks and Tartars? said—"By no means; as I have already said, you will then live under the sway of reason and philosophy alone; those of whom you may expect such treatment, are nothing but philosophers, who, like yourselves, will have nothing in their mouths but reason and philosophy." The company now whispered to each other, "it is plain that he is a perfect fool; he always tries to appear eccentric in his jokes." "That may be," said Chamfort, "but this humorist should be more cheerful; his stories smelt too strongly of the gallows. But, tell me, Cazotte; when are all these things to happen?" "Scarcely six years will have elapsed, before all that I predict will be accomplished." "That is wonderful," exclaimed Lasharpe, "and am I to make no figure in all these scenes?" "You, sir, are destined for one of their most extraordinary wonders. You will become a christian." The room shook with violent and universal peals of laughter. "Well," cried Chamfort, "I am easy if we are not dispatched till Lasharpe has become a christian. At that rate we shall never die." "We women come off the best," observed the duchess de Grammont, as we pass for nothing at all in this revolution. I mean not to say that we shall have no hand in it, but it is admitted that our sex—"Your sex, madam, will not, in that case, protect you; it will avail you nothing that you restrain from intermeddling; you will be treated without distinction like us men." "What say you, M. Cazotte? that must certainly be the end of the world." "That I know not, but this I know perfectly well,

that you dame la duchesse, will be conveyed to executioner's cart, in company with other ladies, with your hands tied behind your backs." "At any rate then," the duchess, "I shall be covered by black cloth, and I shall die of still higher rank than yourself, be drawn in a cart, with their hands tied behind them." "Ladies of higher rank, can they be?" "The princesses of blood royal, of still higher rank than—" Here the company was in visible motion; a deep gloom overspread the face of the house, and they felt that there had been carried too far. Madame Grammont, in order to bring back the conversation to a more agreeable tone, condescended herself with obsequiousness, "they will, however, let me have a confessor?" "No, madam, nobody will have any; the last condemned person to whom it will be allowed, as a favor will be the king of France."

The host rose abruptly from the table, and his example was followed by all his guests. He went up to M. Cazotte, your gloomy fancies have lasted too long; you go too far, you might come yourself and the whole company. Cazotte took his hat and was about to retire without saying a word. Madame de Grammont, who always avoided every thing like gravity, detained him, saying "Dear Mr. Prophete, we have listened long to your prophecies concerning us, but you have not said a word concerning yourself." Cazotte paused for some time; his eyes were bedewed with tears. "Have you madam ever read 'the siege of Jerusalem by the historian Josephus?' Undoubtedly, who is there but has! But continue as though I had not." "We then madam, during this siege, a man went for seven days round the ramparts of the city, in the face of the besieging Romans, and the besieged Jews, incessantly crying with a voice of thunder, 'Woe to the Jerusalem! On the seventh day he exclaimed, 'Woe to thee Jerusalem, woe to myself'—and at the same moment a prodigious stone, discharged by the enemies' machines dashed him to pieces."—After this answer Cazotte bowed and withdrew.

Let the reader open the history of the revolution, and he will find how and in what day, the events announced in seventeen hundred and eighty-eight, were accomplished in the years 1792, 3 and 4—Lasharpe, as is well known escaped but the atrocities of the revolution, which he looked upon as the consequence of what was denominated philosophy, made such an impression upon him, that in his last years he became one of the most zealous defenders of that religion which he had before so furiously attacked.

BY THIS DAY'S MAIL.

BALTIMORE, Dec. 23.

Arrived schooner Henry, Graves, 21 days from St. Thomas. Left brig Antelope, Gray, ready to sail; schooner Amazon Philips for Baltimore in three or four days; schooner Father and Sons, Hopkins, of Norfolk, for Baltimore in two or three days; ship George Dyer, Watts, of Baltimore, discharging; schooner Margaret, Flannigan, of Baltimore, discharging; schooner Madockawanno, Swan, of Salem, for Wilmington, N. C. four or five days—schooner Happy Return, Tatem for Philadelphia in one or two days; ship General Hamilton, of Portland, uncertain; schooner Hope, Noble, of Portsmouth, N. H. do. brig—M. Kenzie, for New York, do. brig Sparrow, of Alexandria, just arrived from the Windward. Dec. 6, lat. 27, 6, long. 70, 43, spoke the schooner Nancy, White, of Snow-Hill, three days from Guadeloupe all well. Dec. 13, of Hatteras shoals; brig Dean of New York, four days from Savannah; and the hermaphrodite brig Agenor, Pitman, 84 days from Leghorn, for Rhode Island. St. Thomas was constantly blockaded by the Jason frigates, a brig and schooner, and almost every vessel that was boarded by them was sent into Tortola. The day before I sailed they appeared off the harbor with a large American schooner, pilot boat built, beating up to Tortola.

Also, Snow John and Joseph, Mannings in 38 days from Faguira, France—Brigit nothing new.

December 24.

Arrived schooner Mary, Almeda, 18 days from Havana. Left brig Ploughboy, Rich, Charleston; Minerva, Grav, New York; Polly and Sally, Selby, Philadelphia. December 9, fifteen miles south of Cape Florida, saw a brig ashore with her masts and spars standing, and sails bent; had a figure head and yellow sides; we went as near as we could to her, saw nobody on board; a rough sea prevented us from boarding her, 11th, Jan. 29 31, long.

O. spoke brig Joseph, 18 days from Boston; had split her bowsprit for Boston; had split her bowsprit for Boston; had split her bowsprit for Boston. Saw a ship ashore on the 11th, Jan. 29 31, long. 70, 43, spoke the schooner Nancy, White, of Snow-Hill, three days from Guadeloupe all well. Dec. 13, of Hatteras shoals; brig Dean of New York, four days from Savannah; and the hermaphrodite brig Agenor, Pitman, 84 days from Leghorn, for Rhode Island. St. Thomas was constantly blockaded by the Jason frigates, a brig and schooner, and almost every vessel that was boarded by them was sent into Tortola. The day before I sailed they appeared off the harbor with a large American schooner, pilot boat built, beating up to Tortola.

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LEXINGTON, D.

During last week various reports of an actual fight between the army commanded by general the Spanish forces, coming from the American states; that they killed Spaniards, with the loss of another report stated, the army had been totally defeated, almost all its officers and western mail of yesterday the Mississippi Messenger printed at Natchez, to the is later than news could reach that place, and to have above reports were in circulation of the 4th, have no news whatever, armies, but what is following:

Extract of a letter from ed October

"The troops all march towards the Sabine river yesterday, a small number excepted, perhaps 60 in Strong, who is left here; these gone on are artillery, commanded by 4 pieces of cannon, 9 company, divided into two battalions, commanded by col. King, Captain Sparks, and company of horse, and a company of infantry from the commanded by major W after last night at the Ad after to-morrow will be some part of them. They will want, to establish a time; but it is uncertain will be chosen, or come from the executive are all on the other side still talk of defending this side, but they are with the troops general. They will probably repel in their power believes there will be a

Masonic Char

"The greatest of the request of the Reverend Brother M. CHARLEY SERMON, the Presbyterian Church, Lodge with such Brethren John with their I by at ten o'clock, and the Church, and as they have agreed to unite, the at the Episcopal Church C. P. Th December 24.

duchase, will be
over a cart, in com-
ladies, with your
backs," "At any
chess, "I shall be
red by black cloth,"
of still higher rank
rawn in a cart, with
them." "Ladies
n they be?" "The
od royal! of still
Here the compa-
on; a deep gloom
of the house, and
had been carried
rammont, in order
eration to a more
ed herself with ob-
ver, let me have
am, nobody will
comend person to
as a favor will be
a ment—" will be
up from the table,
s followed by all his
to M. Gazette, your
lasted so long; you
comm yourself and
Cazotte, took his bat-
tire with saying a
rammont who always
like gravit, detained
Mr. Prophe we have
prophecies concerning
said a word concern-
otte paused at some
bedewed with tears,
ever read "the siege
historian Josephus."
there but has! But
had not." "We'll
his siege, a man with
the ramparts of the
besieging Romans,
s, incessantly crying
r, "Woe to the Jeru-
sh day he exclaimed
dem, woe to myself!"
oment a prodigious
the enemies' ma-
pieces—"After this
d and withdrew.
in the history of the
will find how and in
announced in seven-
eighty-eight, were ac-
rs 1792, 3 and 4—
now escaped but the
volation, which be-
consequence of what
sophy, made such
him, that in his last
of the most zealous
on which he had be-
ed.

AY'S MAIL.
E, Dec. 23.
Henry, Graves, 23
a. Left brig Ant-
ail; schooner Ama-
ore in three of four
r and Sons, Hip-
altimore in two or
ge Dyer, Watts, of
; schooner Marge-
more, discharging
uo, Swan, of Salem,
C. four or five days
urn, Tatem for Phil-
days; ship General
uncertain; schooner
tsmouth, N. H. do
for New York, do;
ndria, just arrived
Dec. 6, lat. 27, 6,
he schooner Naac,
three days from
Dec. 12, of Harte-
of New York, four
and the hermaphro-
man, 84 days from
land. St. Thomas
ed by the Jason fri-
er, and almost every
by them was sent
day before I sailed
harbor with a large
lot boat built, beat

Joseph, Mannings,
ra, France. Bring
24.
Mary, Almeda, 18
left brig Ploughboy,
nerva, Grav, New
v. Selph, Philadel-
fteen miles south of
rig ashore with her
ng, and sails boat
yellow sides; we
ed to her, saw nobo-
n sea prevented us
th, lat. 29 31, long.

10, spoke brig Joseph, 18 days from Hon-
dria for Boston; had split her main top-
sail. Saw a ship ashore in Cape Henry,
said to be the Warrington, from Boston
to Norfolk. A Northern built schooner ar-
rived in Lynhaven Bay—another on the
hookin.

Also schr. Betsy, Reeves, 40 days from
Point Peire, Guad.

Also snow Paragon, Eveleth, 75 days
from Trieste. October 20th, off Cape De-
gat, ship Rebecca, M. Verra, 15 days from
for Philadelphia. 26th, off Malaga,
brig Alexander and Mary, Swan, for
Rotterdam. November 22, lat. 21 30,
long. 52, ship Mary, 17 days from the Isle
of May for Boston. December 22, lat. 27,
long. 70, brig Susanna, from Lagaira for
Philadelphia.

Also schooner Good Intent, Thompson,
5 days from Trieste. Left ship Alexan-
der, A. Hoe of Baltimore, to sail in 15 days.
The brig Carmelite for do. sailed 15 days
—the Arisides for New York, 2 days—
and the Exchange, Orne of Salem, 4 days
before the Good Intent. Left barque
Mary, Day of Salem, for Lisbon in two
days.

Also schooner Fox, Mills, 26 days from
La Vera Cruz. Left schooner Collector,
performing quarantine. The brig Endy-
mion, Suter of Philadelphia, was driven
ashore in the harbor and lost; crew and
cargo saved. Passed in the bay between
40 and 50 sail bound up, among which are
the snow Robert and Mary from Batavia;
American from L. ghorn; schooner Ama-
zon, Phillips. St. Thomas; ships Little
Mary, and Iris, Liverpool; Hope, Na-
deira; Two Friends, Havana; brigs Su-
sanna, Smyrna; Anselop, Gray, St. Tho-
mas; and the Lioness, Charleston.

Also schr. Father and Son, Hopkins,
from St. Thomas, via New York.

LEXINGTON, December 1.
During last week various reports were
in circulation of an action having been
fought between the army of the U. S. a. c.
commanded by general Wilkinson, and
the Spanish forces, commanded by general
Herrera. In one of the reports it was
stated, that the American army had been
successful; that they killed and taken 400
Spaniards, with the loss of 100 Americans.
Another report stated, that the American
army had been totally defeated, with the
loss of almost all its officers; but by the
western mail of yesterday we received
the Mississippi Messenger (a newspaper
printed at Natchez) to the 11th ult. which
is later than news could have come from
that place, and to have been here when the
above reports were in circulation. In the
Messenger of the 4th and 11th ult. we
have no news whatever, respecting the two
armies, but what is contained in the fol-
lowing:

Extract of a letter from Natchitoches, dat-
ed October 24.

"The troops all marched from here to-
wards the Sabine river the day before yes-
terday, a small number of invalids, &c.
excepted, perhaps 80 in all, under captain
Strong, who is left here to command the
fort; these gone out are 3 companies of
artillery, commanded by major Porter,
4 pieces of cannon, 9 companies of infan-
try, divided into two battalions, one com-
manded by col. Kingsbury, the other by
captain Sparks, and captain Farar's com-
pany of horse, and a company of mounted
infantry from the county of Rapides,
commanded by major Welsh. They camp-
ed last night at the Adaiz, and the day
after to-morrow will be at the Sabine, or
some part of them. They have taken
tools, a blacksmith's forge, and every thing
they will want, to establish themselves for
a time; but it is uncertain yet what posi-
tion will be chosen, or what orders may
come from the executive. The Spaniards
are all on the other side of the Sabine, and
still talk of defending what they claim on
this side, but they are unable to contend
with the troops general Wilkinson has out.
They will probably reinforce with all ex-
pedition in their power. No body here
believes there will be any fighting at pre-
sent."

Masonic Charity Sermon.
"The greatest of these is Charity."
At the request of the Brethren of Alex-
andria W. Washington Lodge, No. 22, the
Reverend Brother M. MAFFIT will deliver a
CHARITY SERMON, on Sunday next, at the
Presbyterian Church—the Members of the
Lodge with such Brethren in town as wish to
join, will meet at their Lodge-Room, pre-
cisely at ten o'clock, and move in procession to
the Church—and as the two congregations
have agreed to unite, there will be no service
at the Episcopal Church. By order,
C. P. Thompson, Sec'y.
December 24.

Alexandria Daily Advertiser.
FRIDAY, DECEMBER 26.

From Washington, Dec. 24.

Mr. Fisher called for the order of the
day on the two resolutions submitted by
the committee appointed on that part of the
president's message which relates to Spa-
nish aggressions.

The first resolution, which relates to
the erection of a fort on the Mississippi,
below New Orleans, &c. was carried with
little debate.

The second, which gives the president
power to accept of the services of volun-
teers, not exceeding 30,000, occasioned
considerable debate as to the details. It
was carried in committee of the whole, and
referred to a select committee to bring in
a bill.

The administration is under considera-
ble apprehension as to Burr. It was re-
ported to-day that several of his gun-boats
have been sighted on the Ohio, and that a
party in Kentucky are in pursuit of him.

Extract from a letter dated Marietta, 15th
Dec. received here.

"The town has been in great commo-
tion for several days; the boats building
in colonel Barker's were supposed to be
for col. Burr, and the authority attempted
and did stop them: the militia were under
arms and the boats taken and brought on
shore at the ferry, as they were coming
down the Muskingum; they were loaded
with provisions, which has been landed and
is now in custody. There was no resist-
ance made, and as soon as Mr. Blenner-
hasset heard the news he left the island
with colonel Tyler with 30 or 40 men, and
left his family, who were to have gone
with him."

Extract of a letter from Havana, dated
27th Nov. 1806

"By a vessel arrived here yesterday
from Carthagena official letters have come
to our governor, informing that the city of
Buenos Ayres had been retaken from the
British by Don Sagrigo Limera, a captain
of a Spanish man of war, who went from
Montevideo, with 2,300 troops, attacked
the British, killed 500, and took 1000
prisoners, with general Beresford, who
commanded the expedition. The small
army (the British) had gone direct to Bu-
enos Ayres, where they were not prepar-
ed for such an invasion. The vice roy fled
into the country, and the municipality and
bishop were obliged to capitulate under
the idea of a strange army coming to take
it by assault. The British never went to
Montevideo where the Spaniards have 3
or 4 regiments ready at their call, besides
the militia." (N. York pap.)

Captain Howland favored the editors of
the New York Gazette with Kingston pa-
pers to the 27th ult. They contain the
following articles:

KINGSTON, Nov. 26.
Arrived, the ship Ellison, Woolbert, 7
days from Dominque, where it was re-
ported that an embargo had been laid upon
the shipping in the French windward
islands, and that a French squadron of 12
sail of the line had arrived at Guadaloupe.

The Kingston Daily Advertiser of the
25th ult. says, "we understand the frigate
Resistance anchored yesterday at Port-
Royal, with dispatches for the lieutenant
governor—nothing has transpired but the
disagreeable news of the recapture of Bu-
enos Ayres by the Spaniards." [This
news was positively contradicted, says cap-
tain Howland and Mr. Barker, by an ar-
rival in a short passage from Buenos
Ayres.]

General Assembly of Virginia.
Mr. Hudgins from the committee of
claims, reported that the committee had,
according to order, had under considera-
tion a petition to them referred, and had
come to the following resolution thereupon,
which he handed in at the clerk's table,
where the same was twice read and agreed
to by the house, as follows:

Resolved, as the opinion of this commit-
tee, that the petition of David Hunter,
stating that at the June term last of the ge-
neral court, he was by the judgment of that
court fined in the sum of six hundred dol-
lars, by failing to account for and pay the
taxes received by him as clerk of the coun-
ty of Berkeley, from the first of Septem-
ber, 1804, to the first of September 1805;
that his failing to do so arose from no ne-
glect of his duty, but from accident alone,
and praying the legislature would release
him from the said judgment, is reasona-
ble.

Mr. Harrison (of Amelia) from the com-
mittee of propositions and grievances, re-
ported that the committee had, according
to order, had under consideration a peti-
tion to them referred, and had come to the
following resolution thereupon, which he
handed in at the clerk's table, where the
same was twice read and agreed to by the
house, as follows:

Resolved, As the opinion of this com-
mittee, that the petition of sundry inhabi-
tants of the county of Fairfax, praying that
a law may pass incorporating a company to
build a toll bridge from the lands of col.
A. I. Smith, or those of the heirs of ma-
jor Roger West, across Hunting creek, to
the lands of James H. Hooe, is reasona-
ble.

FROM THE WESTERN WORLD.
JUDGE SEBASTIAN.
The Glass-House of this very honorable
judge of the court of appeals, is now, for
the happiness of the citizens of Kentucky,
broken in pieces.

We mentioned in the supplement to the
last Western World, the motion which was
made for an enquiry into his conduct, and
that a committee was appointed for that pur-
pose.

This committee met yesterday. In the
forenoon of the day, a letter was received
by the speaker of the legislature from judge
Sebastian, informing the house that consc-
ious of his innocence, he had hastened to
town to meet any charges which might be
preferred against him, but at the same time
prayed that the enquiry into his conduct
might be postponed until he had sufficient
time to procure evidence to rebutt any
charges which might be alledged. Mr.
John Allen alone supported the request of
the judge, but Mr. Grundy, general Hop-
kins, Mr. Pope and colonel Swing spoke
in opposition, and wished the enquiry to
proceed. Their arguments we shall give
at length in our next. The ayes and noes
were taken; and Mr. Allen we believe was
the only voice to be distinguished in favor
of the request of judge Sebastian.

The committee met about three in the
afternoon—Mr. Pope in the chair.

A letter was received by Mr. Pope, and
read to the committee, from his excellency
governor Greenup, informing them, that
his honor judge Sebastian, had resigned.
The committee, however, notwithstanding,
resolved to proceed with the enquiry. Mr.
Charles Wilkins, John Jordan, James T.
Martin of Lexington, and Mr. Bullett of
Louisville, were then sworn and exami-
ned. As we are informed, their deposi-
tions, after being written out, are to be
signed by themselves, and entered on the
journals of the house, we forbear, at pre-
sent, publishing them. The result, how-
ever, is, that the fullest and most satisfac-
tory proof was produced of this honorable
Judge holding a pension for life of two
thousand dollars per annum from the go-
vernment of Spain, expressly for personal
services.

The impression made on all present, by
the discovery of this most nefarious and
unexampled depravity, in one of our su-
preme judges, is more easily conceived
than described. There seemed to be an
unanimous expression of abhorrence de-
picted on the countenance of every mem-
ber and spectator against the man who,
holding a seat in the first court of his
country, was base enough to become the
political pensioner of a foreign power.

The committee met again this morning.
Mr. Bullett was re-examined and governor
Greenup, Mr. Richard Steel, and Mr.
Bullock of Shelby, as likewise judge Innis,
Mr. John Brown and Joseph George of
Woodford. The particulars of their evi-
dence will be given after the committee
report to the house. The result however
is, that Benjamin Sebastian had been ap-
pointed or agreed to by judge Innis, the
late Mr. George Nicholas, and the late
Mr. Murray to confer with Ciozo, an
agent appointed by the Baron de Coron-
delet on the part of the court of Spain, to
listen to certain overtures that were made,
by the said Baron de Corondelet respect-
ing the Western country, which negotia-
tion was ended by a courier arriving at N.
Orleans from the Havana with intelligence
that a treaty had been concluded between
the United States and the government of
Spain; and that the pension of two thou-
sand dollars per annum, was given to the
said Benjamin Sebastian for his services to
Spain in this negotiation. It was like-
wise proved by governor Greenup and o-
thers that Benjamin Sebastian had endeav-
ored to organize a society in Kentucky
to petition his catholic majesty for a grant
of territory in Louisiana, on the grounds,
that the society were discontented with the
government and laws of the United States,
and were desirous of living under the mild

and specific government of Spain. It how-
ever appeared that Benjamin Sebastian
stood alone in this attempt; and that he
was unable to prevail with a single indi-
vidual to join him in the proposition.

The committee will proceed further this
afternoon. The most patriotic sensations
appear to pervade every member; and
from several circumstances, which have
transpired, we are induced to believe that
more than one Spanish pensioner will be
consigned to that fate which so meritorious-
ly awaits Benjamin Sebastian. Even the
Kentucky Gazette, and the Enquirer of
Richmond, Virginia, we suspect willaban-
don his cause, and leave him to seek con-
solation in the company of the Marquis
de Yrujo, and his associates.

A person, in one of the London papers late-
ly advertised for a Man-milliner, as shopman,
with a smock-face, that could hiss, and lay on
rouge, if his cheeks were pale.

SHIP NEWS.
Port of Alexandria.

ARRIVED,
Brig John, Capt. Martin, 24 days from Ja-
maica—ballast—James Patton.
Brig Mary-Ann, Capt. Harper, from Ja-
maica—ballast—James Patton & D. McClean.
Schooner Brothers Return, Captain Scott,
from St. Bartholomews—ballast.
Schooner Fair American, T. Berry, 36
days from Cayenne—cotton and cocoa—John
and Thomas Vowell.
Brig Grand Turk, Capt. Stapleton, from
Providence, Rhode-Island—sundries—John
G. Ladd.

ASSIZE OF BREAD,
Made of Superfine Burr Flour.

	CENTS.
The 8 pound loaf to be sold for	38
4 pound loaf	19
2 pound loaf	9½
1 pound loaf	5

JOHN LONGDEN,
Clerk of the Market.
December 26

For Sale or Freight,
The good schooner
MARIA,
Charles Stodder, master,
Eighty-nine tons burthen. If
not sold immediately, she will
take freight for the W. Indies.
Apply to
Henry K. May.
December 26.

Wanted to Hire,
Two NEGRO MEN, accustomed to plan-
tation work, and to whom liberal wages will be
given.
John Gadsby.
December 26, 3t

EDUCATION.
MRS. JACKS, begs leave to acquaint her
FRIENDS and the PUBLIC,
THAT her School commences again on
Monday, 5th January—and in addition
to her former system, will be taught the Pia-
no Forte, by a Master engaged for the pur-
pose—Also, Writing, Arithmetic, Geogra-
phy with the use of the Globes, Chronology,
History, Astronomy, &c. &c, by Mr. Cow-
ling, as taught at Mrs. Bryan's Academy for
Young Ladies at Bryan-House, Black-Heath,
London.
December 26. mwt&f

LAND TO RENT.
I WILL LEASE for a term of years, two
Tenements, part of the tract on which I
live, each containing about 240 acres, cleared
and enclosed, for cash rents, or to men of good
characters and possessing a sufficient number
of hands to cultivate the land, for a share of the
crops. Immediate possession may be had of
part of each tenement, with liberty to get wood
from the other lands of the subscriber for all
necessary purposes.
I will also rent for one or more years,
The Fishery at the Mouth of
Douge Creek.
Bushrod Washington.
Mount-Vernon, Dec. 23.—26 2aw

NOTICE.
The subscriber intending to leave this coun-
try early next spring for Europe, requests all
those indebted to her to make immediate pay-
ment, as no further indulgence can be given—
and all such as have claims against her to ex-
hibit them for payment.
She proposes letting on moderate terms,
That commodious HOUSE occupied by the
late John Dunlap as a dwelling house, of which
immediate possession may be had.
Mrs. DUNLAP.
Dec. 26. 23t

This is to give Notice,

THAT the subscribers, of Alexandria county, in the district of Columbia, have obtained from the Orphans' Court of said county, letters of administration on the personal estate of *William Dancesfield Ross*, late of the county aforesaid deceased: ALL persons having claims against the said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit them with the vouchers thereof to the subscribers, on or before the 17th day of June next ensuing, or they may by law be excluded from all benefit to said estate. And those indebted thereto are requested to make immediate payment. Given under our hands this 17th day of December, 1806.

Charles McKnight, } Adm'rs.
John Stewart, }

December 17—18.

Staw4w

Notice is hereby given,

To the Stockholders of the Bank of Alexandria, THAT an election will be held at the court-house, in this town, on the third Monday in January next, for the purpose of choosing nine Directors of said Bank for the ensuing year.

Gurden Chapin, Cashier.

December 16—17

eo3w

Mr. Davis, Printer, Richmond; Mr. Green, Fredericksburg; and Mr. Bowen, of Winchester, are requested to insert the above advertisement, as directed, in their respective papers.

Flour, for Family Use.

A constant supply of best Superfine Flour, of Raynsworth Brand, for family use and bakers, will be kept at Mr. Thomas Irwin's warehouse, at the lower end of King street.

Also for Sale.

A few hundred bushels of old Corn, for cash only.

W. Wedderburn.

December 5.

law1stJan

To be Rented.

THE BRICK STORE & COMPTING HOUSE now occupied by Messrs. Ricketts Newton & Co.—also, the vacant STORE adjoining. They are large and convenient, as will be rented low. Apply to

J. H. HOOE.

July 28.

law

Newly cured & smoked Bacon

For sale by the subscriber,

Who wishes to dispose of the Property he lives on—consisting of

A Lot, corner of King and Alfred streets, and a Lot on Alfred street, separated from the other property by a paved alley. The corner lot fronts 50 feet on King, and 110 feet on Alfred street; on which is erected a good bake-house with two ovens, a stable, coach house, dwelling house, stable, coach house, smoke house, and a pump in the yard. On the Alfred street lot is a shed warehouse 22 feet by 110 feet.—A further description is unnecessary, as any person disposed to purchase will view the property and apply for terms to

John Richter.

December 18.

law3wp

VALUABLE LANDS.

To be Sold very Cheap.

I WISH to sell my Mill Tract of Land, situated on Back-Lick and Indian-Runs, about six miles from the town of Alexandria: containing about eleven hundred acres. On this tract are two plantations besides the mill farm—on the latter there is a very good mill, in which are one pair of burr, and one pair of cullen stones, with elevators, &c. complete for merchant work—a distillery convenient to the mill, with four stills and every necessary utensil in complete order—a dwelling-house, kitchen, barn, with stables under it to accommodate 20 stalls, with every other out-house requisite on a farm—a very good garden, an orchard of about 2500 trees of the choicest fruits this country can afford. There is about 200 or 400 acres of the tract cleared, the remainder in woods and a great part of it heavily timbered; about 30 or 40 acres of meadow, and nearly 300 acres more may be made on the bottoms adjoining the two runs.

ALSO,

One other tract of one hundred acres, about two miles from Alexandria, part of the Cliesh Tract, and adjoining the lands of Messieurs John C. Herbert, Robert Patton, and John Richter, the Mount-Vernon road running through it. This tract is mostly in woods, and conveniently situated for country seats. If these lands should be sold at private sale, (which I would prefer) I will take in payment, if more convenient to the purchasers, stock of any of the banks from Richmond to New-York, or any kind of stock of the United States.

If they are not sold before Friday the first day of May next, the Mill Tract will, on that day, be sold at public auction, to the highest bidder—and on the following day the Cliesh Lands will be sold in like manner. The Mill Tract will be divided into three or four farms and sold subject to a lease of four and an half years from the first day of July last. The Cliesh Tract will be divided into lots of 10 or 20 acres each. If sold at public auction the terms will be made known on the days of sale.

William Hepburn.

December 4.

eo3w law till 1st May

PUBLIC SALE.

PURSUANT to a decree of the circuit court of the United States for the fifth circuit and district of Virginia, will be sold at public auction on the 7th day of January next, at the town of Occoquan in the county of Prince William, about forty likely Virginia born Slaves, consisting of men, women, and children, among which are a number of boys and girls, of from 8 to 15 years of age. These slaves have been brought up in the neighborhood of Occoquan, and have for some years past been under the management of the late James Lawson dec'd.—and have been heretofore commonly called Lawson's slaves.—They will be sold for cash.

Under the same decree, will also be sold, at public auction, on the 8th day of January next, at the same place, sundry Tracts of Land lying in the counties of Fairfax & Prince William, formerly mortgaged by John Semple to the said James Lawson, deceased.—These tracts of land are situated in the neighborhood of the town of Occoquan, and some of them bind upon the Occoquan river. They are well known in that neighborhood by the name of Lawson's Land, and could be shown by most of the landholders in that part of the country. Those who may be inclined to become purchasers of these lands, may obtain accurate information of the situation and contents of the tracts, by applying to Mr. Robert Ratcliffe, of Fairfax county, who hath lately made surveys of the greater part of them.—The lands will be sold in tracts or divided so as to accommodate purchasers, and this will be arranged on the day of sale. The terms of sale will be, one fourth part of the purchase money to be paid in one year from the day of sale, and the payment to be secured by bond with approved security—the other three-fourths in three equal annual installments; the payment of the first of these installments commencing at the end of two years from the day of sale, and to be secured by the bonds of the purchaser. A mortgage will also be required upon the lands purchased, to secure the payments of the whole of the purchase money.—Deeds will be made by the Commissioners upon securing the payments in the manner above mentioned.

One or more of the commissioners will attend at Occoquan, with Mr. Robert Ratcliffe the surveyor, on the 5th and 6th of January next, for the purpose of giving to persons inclined to purchase those lands such information as may be in their power touching the title, situation, and boundaries of the different tracts.

Thomas Swan,
Edward Washington, } Com'rs.
Benjamin Botts, }

December 3.

2aw1s

This is to give Notice,

THAT the subscriber, of Alexandria county, in the district of Columbia, hath obtained from the Orphans' Court of said county letters of administration *de bonis non*, on the estate of William Henry Washington, late of the county aforesaid deceased; all persons having claims against the said estate, are hereby warned to exhibit them with the vouchers thereof to the subscriber, on or before the 17th day of June next ensuing, or they may by law be excluded from all benefit to said estate—and those indebted thereto, are requested to make immediate payment.—Given under my hand this 17th day of December, 1806.

John Luke, Adm'r.

DE BONIS NON.

December 17—18.

2aw4w

TO RENT.

A TWO STORY FRAME DWELLING HOUSE, situated on Cameron street, near the corner, together with a Frame Building on the corner of Cameron and Pitt streets, now occupied as a coach-makers' shop, but would make a good stable, and a vacant lot.—For terms apply to

James H. Hooe, Adm'r.

B. DANBRIDGE, deceased.

September 18.

eo

Clower Lots and building Lots.

I WILL RENT for a term of years, or LEASE on ground rent for ever, a number of LOTS on Washington and Columbus streets—some of which are well taken with Clover

J. H. HOOE.

M. B. I will also RENT for one or more years, a small HOUSE, with a good GARDEN, on Gibson street.

July 28.

law

NIGHT SCHOOL.

The subscriber returns his grateful thanks to his friends and patrons, for their past favors and liberality towards him; and begs leave respectfully to inform them, and the inhabitants of Alexandria generally, that he will commence his NIGHT SCHOOL on Monday the 22d instant, at his Academy in Prince-street.

Young gentlemen, desirous of becoming acquainted with the arts of Surveying, Navigation, use of the Globes, or any of the different branches of the Mathematics, will meet with due attention from

William Slade.

September 20

43law

JAMES BACON.

At his GROCERY STORE, on King-street, has in addition to his former stock, added

A fresh Supply of Genuine Articles in the Grocery Line;

Which makes his assortment complete.

He now offers for sale, on his usual low terms, Mulcovado Sugars, of various qualities,

Loaf and Lump ditto,
Gunpowder,
Imperial,
Hyson,
Young Hyson,
Hyson-Skin, and
Soucheong

TEAS,
particularly selected for family use.

Best green Coffee,
Chocolate, of a superior quality

Madeira,
Busellos,
Sherry,
Lisbon,
Teneriffe,
Malaga, and
Genuine old Port

WINE S.

Cognac and Bourdeaux Brandy,
Old Jamaica Spirit, for family use,
Antigua, St. Croix, St. Vincents, and New England Rum,

Holland Gin,
Irish and country Whisky,
Molasses, Wine, and Cider Vinegar,
Stoughton's Bitters,

Mace, nutmegs, cloves, cassia, pimento, Cayenne and black pepper, race and ground ginger, basket salt for table use, pearl barley, rice, starch, fig blue, soap, mould, tinct and spermaceti candles, refined salt-petre, flint indigo, allum, copperas, madder, brimstone, spinning cotton, patent shot all sizes, best English and country made gunpowder, segars, and smoking tobacco, very best chewing tobacco.

Hamilton and Leiper's snuff, Hunter's pipes in boxes.

London mustard, warranted of a superior quality, Dixon's best ditto, wrapping paper demijohn's, &c. &c. with generally every article in his line—the whole of which have been selected with care, and will be disposed of on the very lowest terms.

July 16.

Just Published,

BY ROBERT GRAY, at his Book and Stationary Store, King-street.

ORIGINAL ANECDOTES OF FREDERICK the Second,

KING OF PRUSSIA, And of his Family, his Court, his Ministers, his Academies, and his Literary Friends:—Collected during a familiar intercourse of twenty years with that Prince. Translated from the French of *Dieudonne Thiebault*, Professor of *Belles Lettres*, in the Academy of Berlin.—Printed on fine wove paper, with a good type, in two volumes, octavo. Price, in boards, four dollars—bound in sheep, five dollars—bound in calf and elegantly gilt, six dollars.

Just Received, and for Sale as above, Goldsmith's History of England, abridged for the use of schools.

Do. do. of Rome. Webster's Grammar, Clark's Nepos, Main's Introduction. Took's Pantheon. Ruled Music Paper, and English and German Almanacs, for 1807—

And the following Law Books: Bacon's abridgement, 7 vols. Price \$87 50 cents.

Espanese's reports, 3 vols. \$9
Dallas's reports, 3 vols. \$15
East's reports, 3 vols. complete, \$80
Wilson's law lectures, 2 vols. \$10 50 cts.
Sullivan's lectures, \$3
Peake's nisi prius, 2ds.

Evidence, in boards, 2ds. 25 cts.

R. Gray, Has lately published, a new and elegant edition, greatly enlarged, of

Modern Philosophers; or Terrible Tractation:

A Poem, addressed to the Royal College of Physicians, London, by Christopher Caustic M. D. A. S. S. Price, in boards, 2 dollars—in plain sheep, 2 dollars 50 cents—in calf and elegantly gilt, 3 dollars.

Life and Pontificate of Leo the tenth, by William Roscoe, in 4 volumes, octavo. Price in boards, 10 dollars—in sheep, 12 dollars—in calf and gilt, 14 dollars.

ON HAND, A large stock of Books, in the different branches of science and literature, and a very extensive assortment of School Books, and other articles suitable for country sales.

November 4.

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Just Published,

BY COTTON AND STEWART,

[PRICE ONE DOLLAR] An Abridgment of the History of England,

From the Invasion of JULIUS CAESAR, to the Death of GEORGE the II. BY DOCTOR GOLDSMITH.

And continued down to the PEACE of AMIENS, (1802) by an eminent writer.

December 5.

Printing, in its various branches, handsomely executed at this office.

This is to give Notice,

That the subscribers, of Alexandria county, in the district of Columbia, hath obtained from the Orphans' Court of said county, letters testamentary on the personal estate of *James Smith Deblois*, late purser of the United States frigate Constitution, deceased; all persons having claims against the said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit them with the vouchers thereof to the subscribers, on or before the 21st day of May next, or they may by law be excluded from all benefit to said estate—and all persons indebted thereto are requested to make immediate payment, or suits will be instituted to enforce the same. Given under my hand this 21st day of November, 1806.

Lewis Deblois, Ex'r.

November 21.

TO BE SOLD,

For ready Money.

To the highest bidder, at Public Auction, DAWSON'S TAVERN, in the county of Loudoun and town of LEESBURG, on TUESDAY, the 6th day of January next, by virtue of a decree of the court of the United States, for the 5th circuit, in the Virginia district, pronounced at May term last, in suit depending in said court between the executors of *Daniel Mildred*, deceased, who was surviving partner of *Mildred and Roberts*, plaintiffs, and *Samuel Hough* and others defendants.—

300 acres of Land, near Leesburg, on the waters of Tuscarora, in the county of Loudoun—three acres of Meadow near Leesburg, and a House and Lot in Leesburg, or so much thereof as will be sufficient to raise certain sums of money, interest and costs in said decree mentioned.

William Mann,

Armstead Long,

Charles F. Mercer,

Richmond, 17th Oct.—22. (Nov. 4.)

Valuable Negroes for Sale.

I WILL offer at public sale, at *Herndon's Tavern*, in the town of Fredericksburg, on FRIDAY, the second day of January next, a fair, if not, the next fair day, for cash;—

Between 50 and 60 Negroes,

Lately attached to the Chatham estate, consisting of laborers and tradesmen, of different kinds, such as carpenters, blacksmiths, &c. &c. Also, a good miller, cook, gardener, trainer of horses, and some valuable house servants. They are, for the number, as likely and as valuable a set of negroes as any in Virginia; also, some work horses and farming utensils. Should any person in the neighborhood be disposed to purchase at private sale, prior to the said day, I will be ready to treat with them.

I will also sell, at Private Sale,

Some Lots in the town of Fredericksburg, my Lands adjoining Stafford court-house, my Lands in Westmoreland and Richmond counties, and my Farm called *Clark's*, on the Rappahannock river, about three miles below Fredericksburg.

The Place of Sale of the above property will be *Bell's Tavern*, in the town of Falmouth, where an agent will attend the two days preceding the day of sale, to treat with those who may wish to purchase at private sale.

William Fitzhugh.

November 4.

eo3s

This is to give Notice,

THAT the subscribers, of Alexandria county, in the district of Columbia, have obtained from the Orphans' Court of said county letters testamentary on the estate of *Richard Conway*, late of the county aforesaid deceased, all persons having claims against the said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit them with the vouchers thereof to the subscribers, on or before the 17th day of June next ensuing, or they may by law be excluded from all benefit to said estate, and those indebted thereto are requested to make immediate payment. Given under our hands this 17th day of December, 1806.

William Herbert,

Nicholas Fitzhugh,

Edmund I. Lee,

December 17.

Staw6w

Gun and Pistol Manufactory,

Lower end of King street, near the water.

THE subscriber respectfully informs his friends and the public, that he has just received from London, via Baltimore, an handsome assortment of GUNS and PISTOLS, which he will sell low for cash—

AMONG WHICH ARE, Single and double barreled Bird and Squirel Guns.

Holster and Pocket Pistols.

Boys' Guns, Bullet Moulds, &c.

ROBERT NASH.

N. B. Guns and Pistols stocked and repaired in the neatest manner, and on the most reasonable terms. Orders from the country executed with dispatch.

As there are a number of Guns &c. left to be repaired, which have been on hand for a long space of time, the owners are particularly requested to pay charges and take them away.

December 15

PRINTED DAILY BY SAMUEL SNOWDEN.